

# Formal Verification of Distributed Algorithms

K. Mani Chandy<sup>1</sup> Brian Go<sup>1</sup> Sayan Mitra<sup>2</sup> Jerome White<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>California Institute of Technology  
<sup>2</sup>University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign



## Overview

Improve distributed software **reliability**

Ease **proof** burden for concrete algorithms

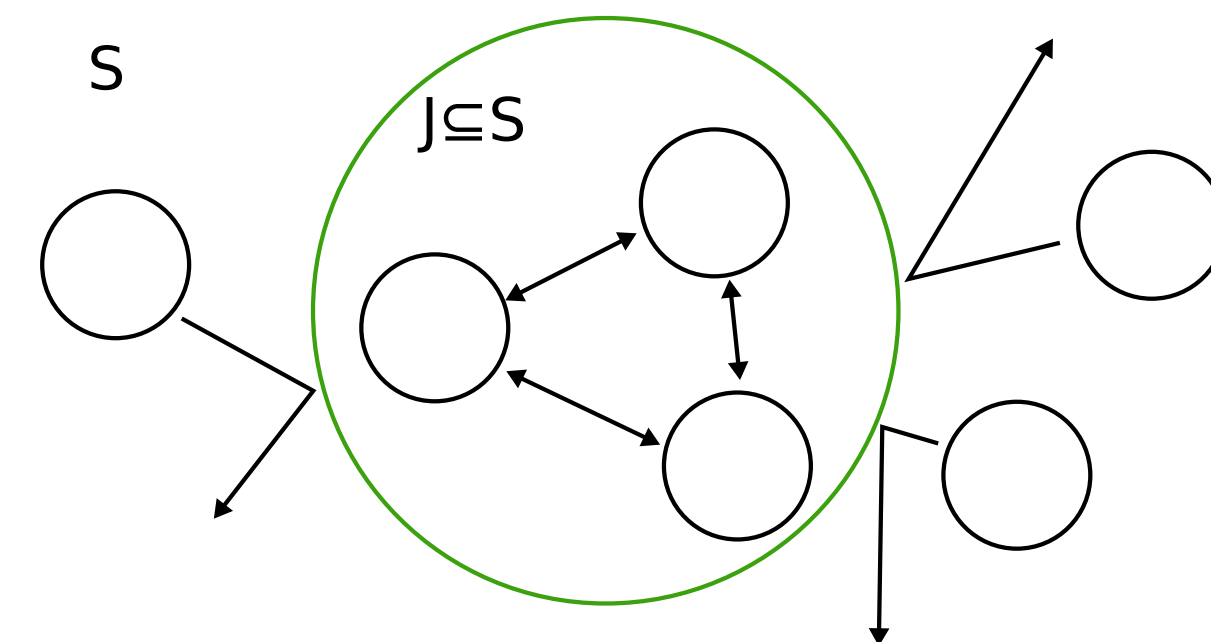
Stepwise **refinement** and program transformation

Organize **library** of theorems for distributed systems (PVS)

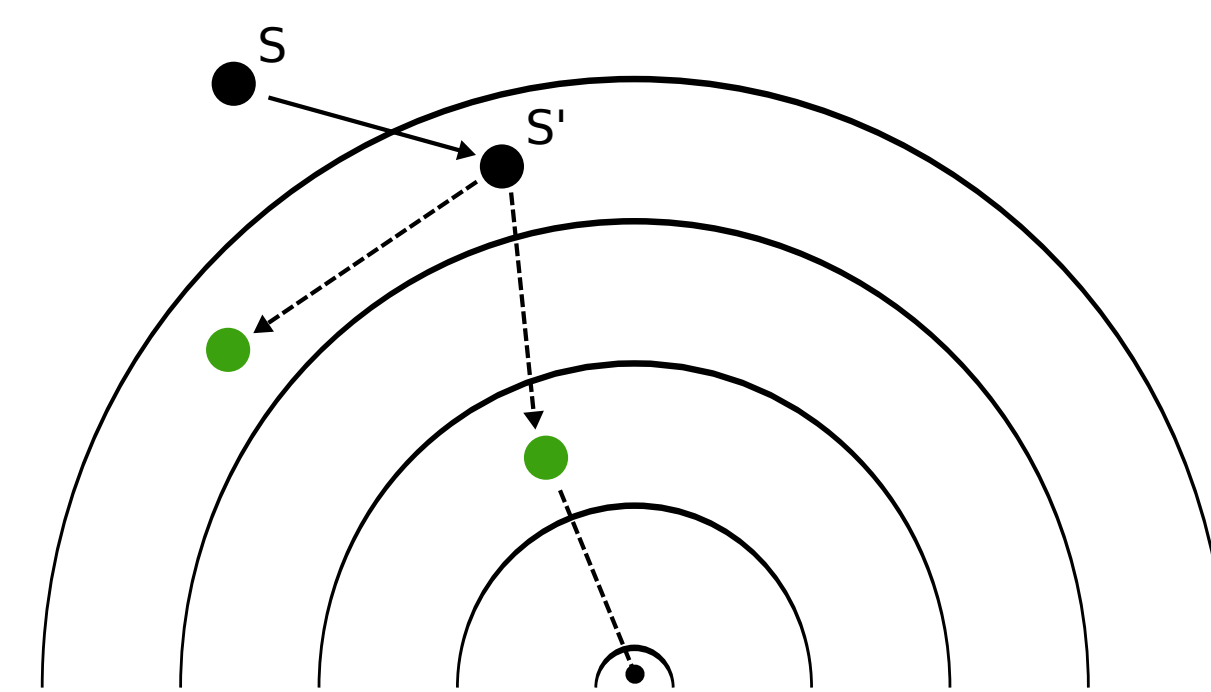
**Transform** theorem proven code into executable code (Java/Erlang)

Improve **teaching**

### Local Interactions...



### ... Global Implications



## Abstraction

### Abstractions

Incorporate fundamental abstractions of distributed algorithms that are generic enough to be applicable to a large class of problems

### Fundamental Functions

Binary operator  $\circ: T \rightarrow T$   
Composition function  $f: S, \{K \subseteq S\}, \circ \rightarrow T$   
Transition Predicate  $t: S, S \rightarrow \text{Bool}$

### Correctness Properties

**Safety:** invariant function with respect to start state

$$t(S^0, S) \Rightarrow f(S, \{K=S\}, \circ) = f(S^0, \{K=S\}, \circ)$$

**Progress:** variant function to a well founded set

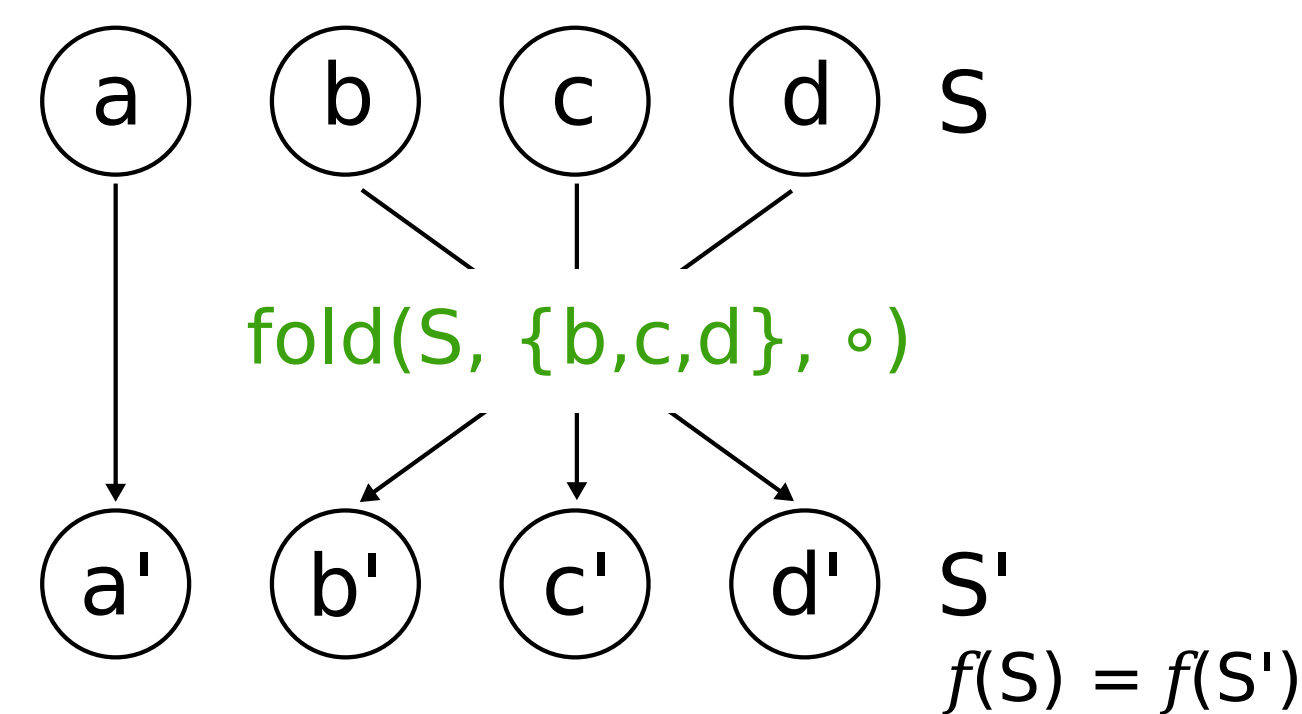
$$\rho: T \rightarrow T \mid T \text{ is well founded}$$

## Application: Consensus

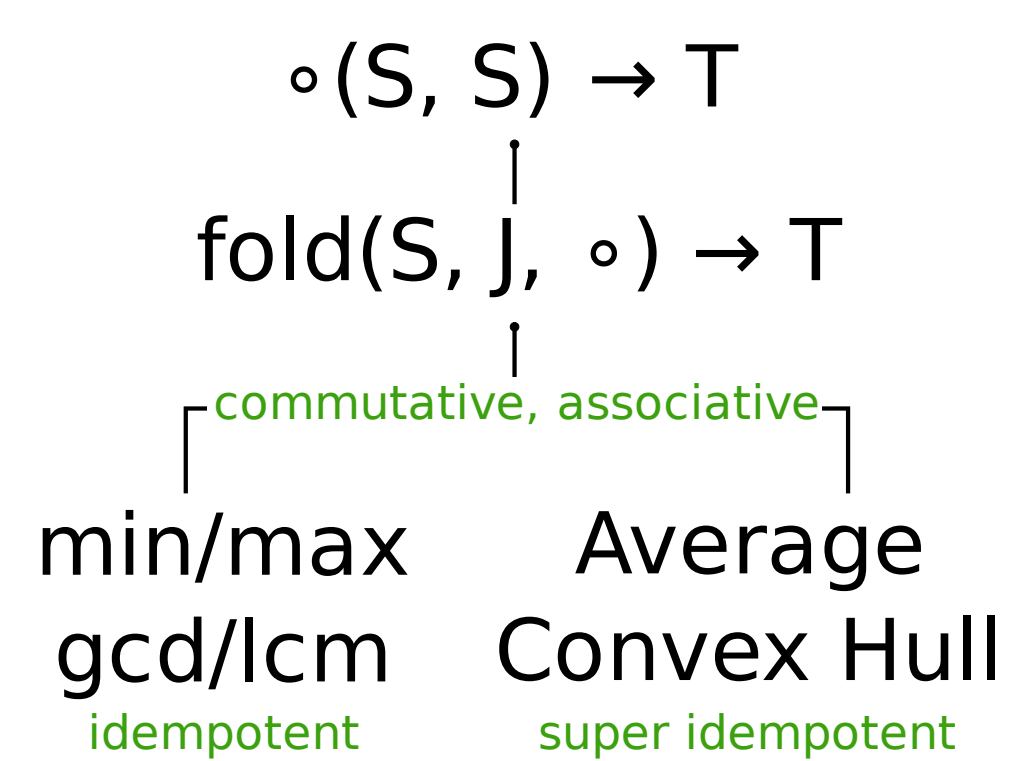
### Abstractions

Given state  $S$  with  $n$  agents, want final state to be function of start state  $S^0: \forall j \in S: S^*(j) = f(S^0)$   
 $\circ$ : commutative  $\wedge$  associative  $\wedge$  (idempotent  $\vee$  super idempotent)  
 $f$  is aggregation (fold) of composable binary operator  $\circ$   
 $f(S) = S(0) \circ S(1) \circ \dots \circ S(n)$   
 $\equiv \text{fold}(S, \circ) = \begin{cases} S(0) & \text{if } |S| = 1 \\ \text{fold}(S, \{j \in S\}, \circ) \circ S(n) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$   
Transition  $t(S, S') \equiv \exists j: j \in S \wedge S'(j) = \text{fold}(S, j, \circ)$   
Safety  $\forall S, S': t(S, S') \Rightarrow \text{fold}(S, j, \circ) = \text{fold}(S', j, \circ)$   
Progress  $\{ \{ a \text{ where } S(a) = \text{fold}(S^0, \{a\}, \circ) \} \}$

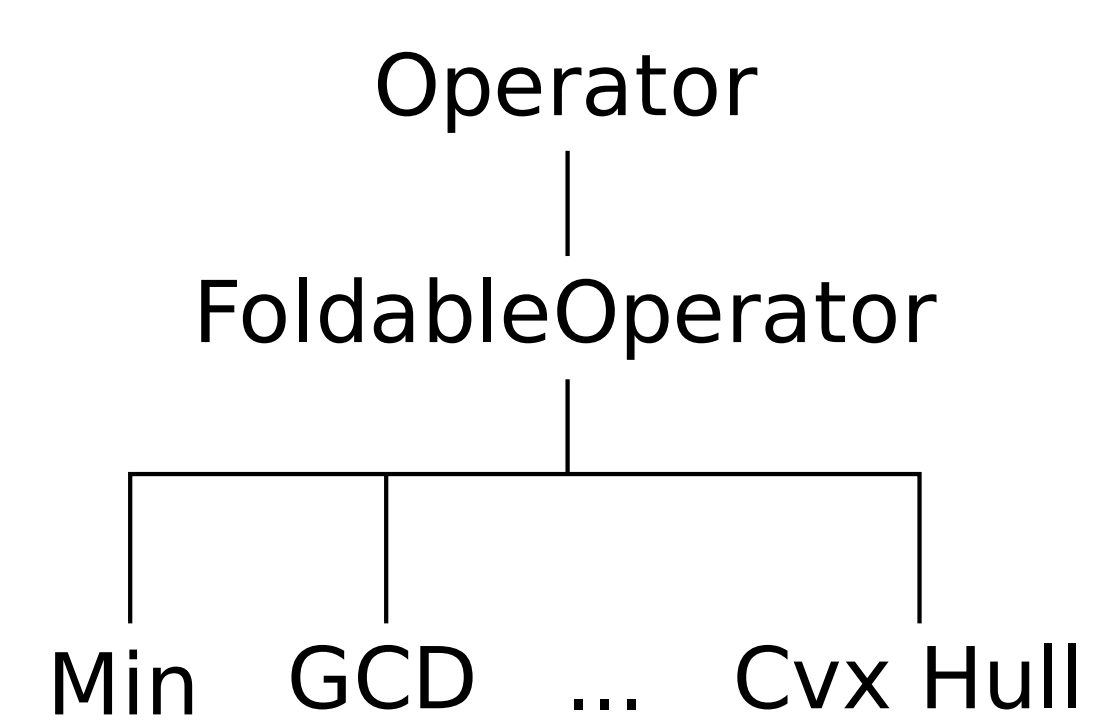
### Visual Transition



### Proof Refinement



### Object Refinement

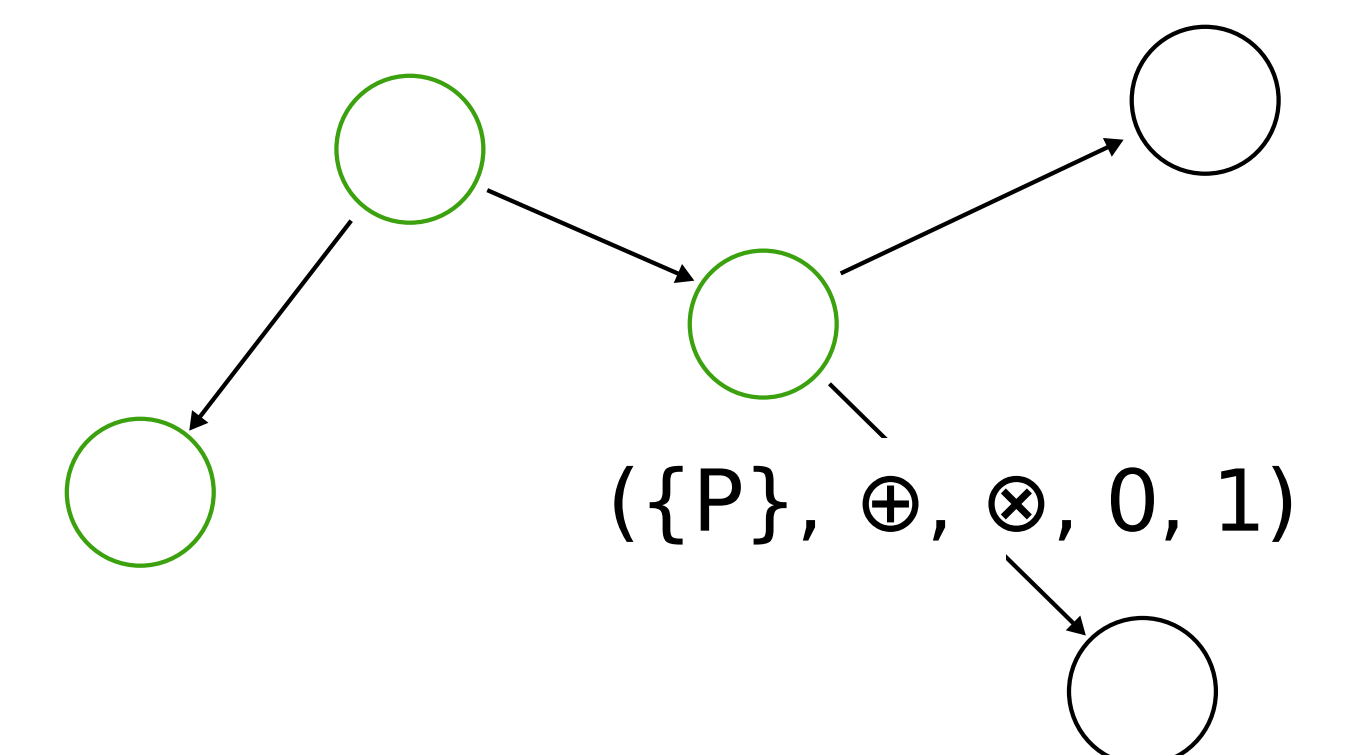


## Application: Graphs

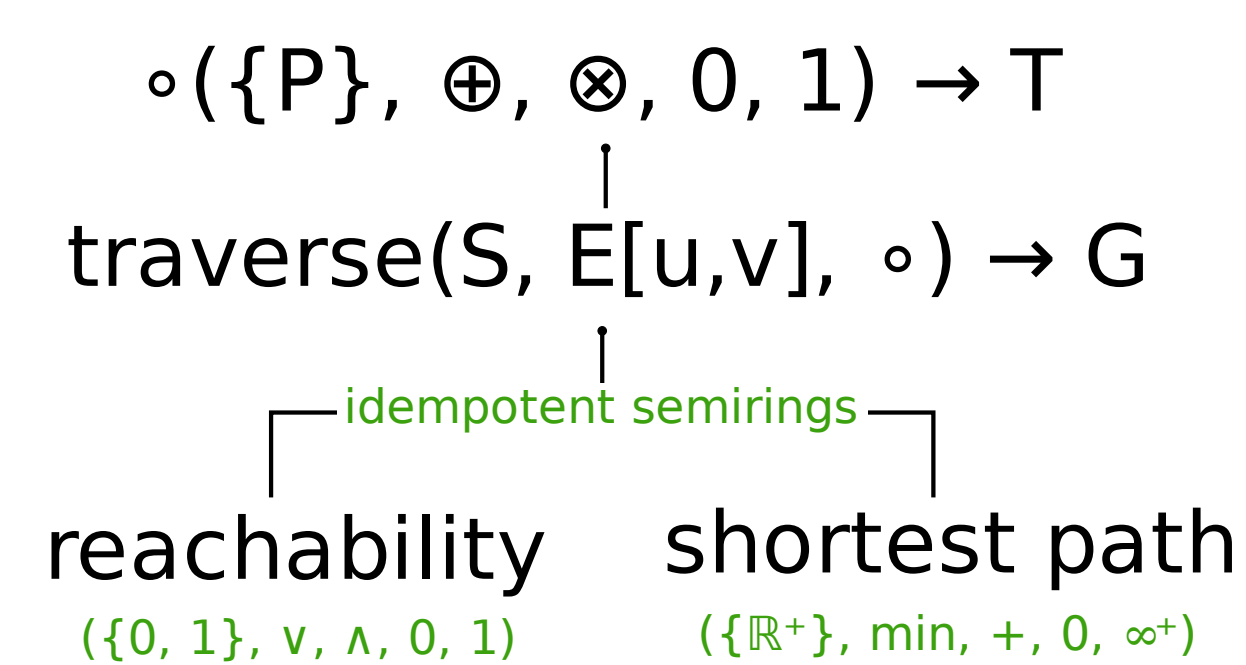
### Abstractions

Given source graph  $G$  and root vertex  $R$ , produce target graph that solves given algebraic path problem  
 $\circ$ : semiring with additional constraints  
idempotent ( $x \otimes x = x$ ), and partial order  $\leq$  over  $\{P\}$   
 $f$  is a depth first graph traversal method  
Transition  $t(S, S') \equiv G'(v) = G(v) \otimes (G(u) \otimes E[u, v])$   
Safety  $\forall S, S': t(S, S') \Rightarrow G'(v) \leq G(v)$   
Progress  $\{ \{ E[u, v] \mid \text{untraversed} \} \}$

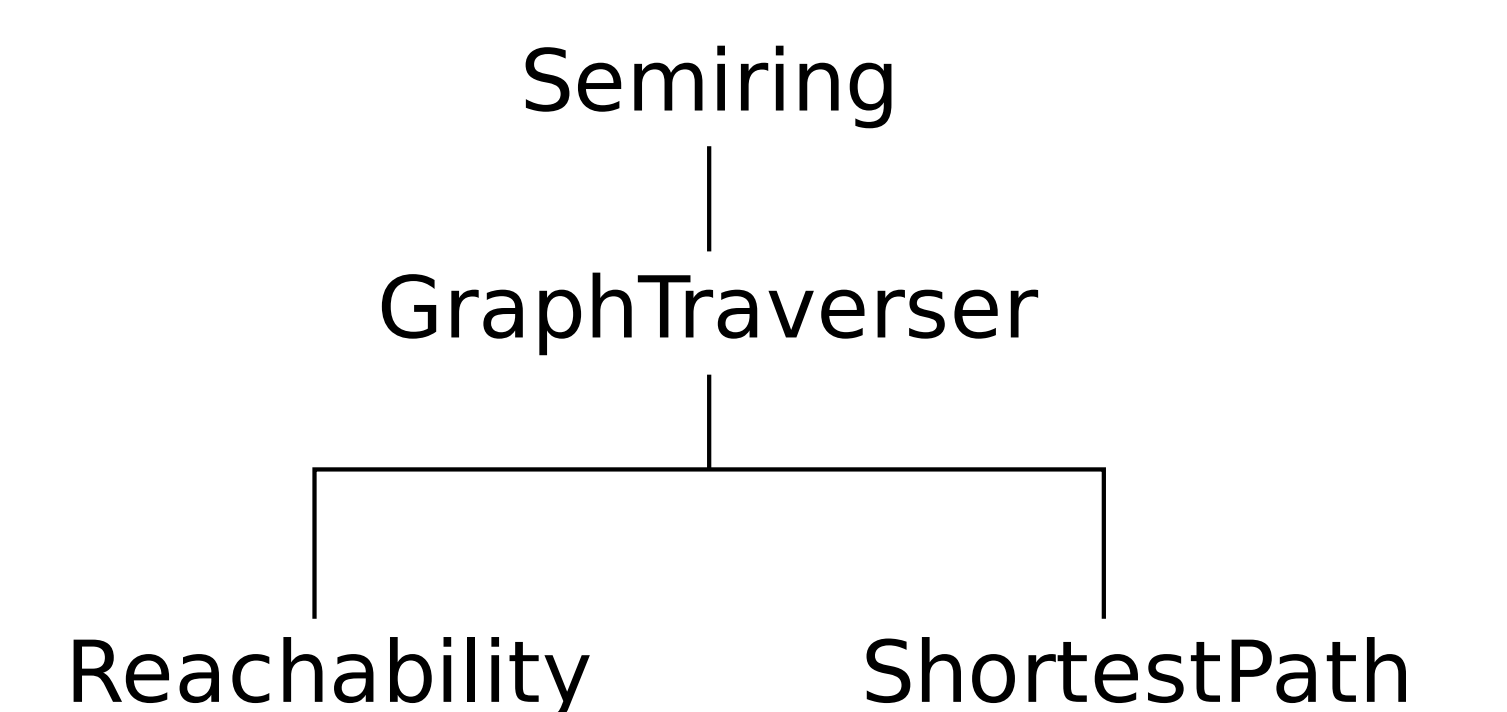
### Visual Transition



### Proof Refinement



### Object Refinement



## Acknowledgements

The Lee Center for Advanced Networking  
Infospheres Lab

## References

K. Mani Chandy, Brian Go, Sayan Mitra, and Jerome White. "Towards Verified Distributed Software Through Refinement of Formal Archetypes." Second IFIP Working Conference on Verified Software: Workshop on Experiments. October 6-9, 2008.  
K. Mani Chandy, Brian Go, Sayan Mitra, Concetta Pilotto, and Jerome White. "Guaranteeing Convergence of Distributed Systems: From Specification to Implementation via Refinement." Submitted: Formal Aspects of Computing.